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"Express Mail" Label No.: EL584518688US

Date of Deposit: January 2, 2001

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Patent Application

Docket No. 010.0188.01

**PORTABLE APPARATUS FOR PROVIDING WIRELESS MEDIA
ACCESS AND STORAGE AND METHOD THEREOF**

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Cross-Reference to Related Application

This patent application claims priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) to provisional patent application Serial No. 60/174,309, filed January 3, 2000, the disclosure of which is incorporated by reference.

Field of the Invention

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The present invention relates in general to wireless media access and storage and, in particular, to a portable apparatus for providing wireless media access and storage and method thereof.

Background of the Invention

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Television is among the most widely available form of video mass communications in use today. The basic format of television is relatively mature, consisting primarily of transmission stations sending programming signals to passive receivers or "sets." Program selection is limited to those channels "aired" by licensed broadcasters. Cable- and satellite-based programming have recently introduced limited user-tailorable options, including services such as video-on-demand, using set-top box and telephonic purchasing options.

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Television viewing is a static, non-interactive activity. Conversely, on-line information services, such as available through Internet service providers, offer fully interactive services, including media content storage and retrieval

facilities. Most standard personal computer browsers allow a user to select, download, and view audio and video content. As well, "live" content is becoming increasingly available through pulsed, streaming and related media retrieval formats.

5 Cellular and similar forms of wireless voice communication have begun to expand into the digital data delivery markets. For instance, microbrowsers are being integrated into cellular telephone display panels to enable users to retrieve textual data in an extremely abbreviated format. While interactive, hybrid cellular
10 telephones are limited to conventional textual data content and lack integration with television and video programming.

Therefore, there is a need for an approach to providing portable wireless access to audio and video media that includes a high degree of customizability and user interactivity. Such an approach would preferable include both wireless access and storage means and allow interaction with other non-fixed information
15 sources, such as outdoor media, including billboards and similar informal informational devices .

There is a further need for a flexible approach to remote wireless audio and video access. Such an approach would allow either an integrated or modular wireless connection scheme.

20 There is a further need for an approach to enabling remote video editing and production on a wireless connected device. Such an approach would preferably include video recordation means, such as using an external digital camera arrangement.

Summary of the Invention

25 The present invention provides a portable, handheld device and method for transacting wireless communications sessions for media retrieval and access. The handheld device includes processing logic to initiate and carry out a wireless communications session with a wireless information service. A user operates the handheld device using input controls and downloaded video and audio media is
30 played back to the user on a display panel.

The wireless communications session 13 could also operate over a subscribed wireless data communications network, such as offered by Ricochet wireless data service, offered by Metricom, Inc., San Jose, California. Alternatively, the wireless session 13 could be provided via a frequency modulation (FM) radio sideband carrier frequency that would provide a pervasive secondary channel for data exchange. The user could also manually select the FM radio sideband carrier frequency as a primary wireless information service. Finally, the wireless communications session could operate in a dynamically load balanced and pulsed media distribution network using file segmentation, such as described in commonly-assigned U.S. Provisional Patent application Serial No. _____, entitled "Dynamically Load Balanced And Pulsed Media Distribution Network Architecture," filed January 2, 2001, the disclosure of which is incorporated by reference.

The wireless session 13 interfaces to a wireless server 14 interconnected to an internetwork 12, such as the Internet, via a conventional high speed network connection. Through the wireless server 14, the apparatus 11 can forward requests for and retrieve media content stored or made available through a conventional server 15. Recorded media content is stored in a media database 16 coupled to the server 15. Alternatively, "live" media content can be retrieved from services offering pulsed, streaming or similar audio or video content delivery.

In the described embodiment, the wireless communications session 13 is transacted in accordance with a standard wireless protocol, such as the Wireless Access Protocol (WAP), Nokia Wireless Protocol, Motorola Wireless Protocol, Lucent signal array standard, Bluetooth protocol, and the IEEE 802.11 standard. Other forms of wireless communications sessions could also be utilized herein, as would be recognized by one skilled in the art.

FIGURE 2 is an elevation view 20 showing the front of the apparatus 11 of FIGURE 1. The apparatus 11 is constructed in a portable, handheld form factor 21 with a plurality of input controls and output channels, preferably having

an ornamental design such as described in commonly-assigned U.S. Patent application Serial No. _____, entitled "Wireless Media Access And Storage Apparatus," filed January 2, 2001, pending, the disclosure of which is incorporated by reference. A power switch 22 controls the operation of the apparatus 11. A set of control buttons 23-26 respectively initiate the scheduling, contact management, menu selection, and notation functions. An option control button 29 activates a user option selection menu. Pressing each control button 23-26 causes the execution of an associated application, the results of which are displayed on a screen display 31.

10 In addition, a pair of "Up" and "Down" scroll control buttons 27, 28, respectively, allow a user to vertically scroll through the contents of a screen display 31. As shown with reference to FIGURES 3A and 3B, the "Up" scroll control button 27 toggles along a transverse pivot 37 to allow dual actuation motion. Similarly, the "Down" scroll control button 28 toggles along a transverse pivot 38 to also allow dual actuation motion. A set of domed surfaces 39a-c on each end of the "Up" and "Down" scroll control buttons 27, 28 aid a user in selecting a toggle action. In the described embodiment, pressing the "Up" scroll control button 27 on the first domed surface 39a causes an upward screen scrolling action while pressing the "Down" scroll control button 38 on the third domed surface 39c causes a downward screen scrolling action. Pressing the second domed surface 39b on both buttons activates a main menu.

20 Returning to FIGURE 2, audio inputs can be received through a pinhole microphone 30 for recordation and processing and played back through a speaker (shown in FIGURE 5). Video can be received and sent through a composite, preferably RCA-style, video port 34. Serial devices can interconnect to the apparatus 11 via a Universal Serial Bus (USB) port 35. Finally, audio can be output through a mini stereo jack 36. Other arrangements of communications and data ports are feasible.

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The apparatus 11 can be docked to a base station using a docking port 33. The individual docking pins preferably back slide into the housing of the apparatus 11 to reveal full length, thin PCB modules.

Finally, in the described embodiment, the apparatus 11 is configured with a plug-in wireless module (shown in FIGURE 5) that includes a telescoping (or fixed) antenna 32.

FIGURE 4 is an elevation view showing the back 40 of the apparatus 11 of FIGURE 1. The apparatus 11 includes a modular expansion port 41 with a plurality of connection pins 42. The modular expansion port 41 allows flexible addition of function modules, such as a plug-in wireless module, as further described below with reference to FIGURE 5. The connection pins 42 can be via a proprietary arrangement or in conformity with industry standard practice. The apparatus 11 also includes a speaker 43, preferably consisting of a piezo electric element, with which to reproduce recorded sound.

In the described embodiment, a plug-in wireless module 45 is fitted into a modular expansion port 41 on the apparatus 11 to provide wireless communications capabilities as shown with reference to FIGURE 5. The wireless module 45 preferably includes a flat telescoping flat antenna 32. Different wireless modules 45 are employed, depending on the wireless protocol employed. In an alternate embodiment (not shown), a conventional cellular telephone adapter cable is connected between the docking port 33 (shown in FIGURE 2) and a cellular telephone to enable the apparatus 11 to directly transact a wireless communications session.

FIGURE 6 is a schematic diagram 60 showing the functional components of the apparatus 11 of FIGURE 1. The apparatus 11 consists of ten principal components interconnected over a common bus 61. For simplicity, power supply components have been omitted for clarity, although one skilled in the art would recognize that a power supply and similar functional elements would necessarily be included as part of an actual implementation.

A processor 62 executes program code responsive to user instructions received via the input controls 23-27 (shown in FIGURE 2). The program code and data values are stored in a random access memory (RAM) 63 consisting of dynamic random memory integrated circuit components. The operation of the apparatus 11 is controlled by an operating system and a library of support functions stored in a read only memory (ROM) 64. The ROM 64 also includes a serial number to uniquely identify the apparatus 11 for use in automatic recognition and participation with outdoor media and similar informal informational devices, as further described below with reference to FIGURE 6.

As described, the processor 62 operates at 166 MHz or faster and the RAM 63 and ROM 64 have capacities of eight megabytes and sixteen megabytes, respectively. The RAM 63 can preferably be configured to store up to twelve minutes of video. The RAM 63 can include memory configurations including Smart Card, Smart Media, Compact Flash, Memory Stick, and conventional RAM IC technology, as well as other arrangements, topologies, and configurations. A rechargeable battery, such as a lithium cell, is provided.

In addition to the core functionality provided by the processor 62 and RAM 63 and ROM 64, several additional components augment the apparatus 11 with media access and storage capabilities. A display 65 capable of providing media playback is coupled to the processor 62, preferably supporting a color display with a minimum resolution of 320x240 pixels and thousands of colors. A black and white or grayscale display could also be used.

In addition, circuitry for input and output (I/O) ports 66, the expansion module port 67, a digital signal processing (DSP) chip 68, a transceiver 69, a proximity sensor 70, and FM radio sideband carrier frequency support 71, are also coupled to the processor 62.

In the described embodiment, the I/O ports 66 include a Universal Serial Bus (USB) port and proprietary docking pins configured to allow the apparatus 11 to dock into a downloading station (not shown). These docking pins allow information stored in the RAM 63 to be retrieved and modified and the ROM 64

to be reprogrammed. The DSP chip 68 is used to process retrieved media, particularly audio and video media. The transceiver 69 allows the apparatus 11 to transact a wireless communications session with a remote wireless device. The proximity sensor 70 and transceiver 69 cooperatively enable the apparatus 11 to recognize and initiate a communications session with other compatible devices, including similarly equipped systems, SmartCards, outdoor media and similar informal informational devices, as further described below with reference to FIGURE 8. Finally, FM radio sideband carrier frequency support 71 is provided to allow communication over a secondary communications channel.

FIGURE 7 is a flow diagram showing a method 140 for providing wireless media access and storage in accordance with the present invention. The primary function of apparatus 11 is to access and store media, particularly video media. The apparatus 11 operates under the control of an embedded operating system which, in the described embodiment, is based on the Palm operating system, licensed by Palm, Inc., Santa Clara, California.

The apparatus 11 first initializes by loading the operating system (block 141). Next, user requests received via the control buttons 23-27 (block 142), are iteratively processed, as follows. If the request is a video request (block 143), the apparatus 11 initiates a wireless communications session with a video server (block 144) and requests the video. The requested video is received (block 145) by a data stream or similar downloading process, after which the wireless communications session is disconnected (block 146). Finally, the video is played on the screen display 29 (block 147). Alternatively, if the request is not a video request (block 142), the request is processed (block 148), as appropriate. The iterative processing loop (blocks 142-148) is repeated as long as more user requests are presented (block 149), after which the method terminates.

FIGURE 8 is a functional block diagram showing a billboard interface 170. The proximity sensor 70 and FM radio sideband carrier frequency support 71 (shown in FIGURE 6) enable the apparatus 11 to automatically detect SmartCard and outdoor media devices and to initiate a wireless communications

session. In the described embodiment, a billboard 171 is equipped with an emitter 172, preferably operating on a FM radio sideband carrier frequency. The billboard 171 is optionally interfaced via land lines with a dial-up or dedicated network connection.

5 When within a suitable proximity of the emitter 172 for wireless communication, the apparatus 11 notifies the user who can optionally connect with the billboard 171 and transact a purchase, conduct a dialog, or engage in an interactive session. Alternatively, the billboard 171 could operate as a cellular telephone array or similar wireless carrier. As well, any other form of indoor or
10 outdoor media could be used in lieu of the billboard 171, including a bus kiosk, bus aisle sign, tee shirts, or other forms of advertising or communications.

FIGURE 9 is a functional block diagram showing a set top box interface 180. Through the composite video port 44 (shown in FIGURE 2), the apparatus 11 can function as a wireless video interface to a conventional black and white or
15 color television set 181. A composite video cable 182 interconnects the apparatus 11 to the television set 181 to provide a live video feed for full screen playback.

Finally, FIGURE 10 is a functional block diagram showing a client-server video production and editing interface 190. A CMOS camera device 191 can be integrated into the apparatus 11 via the modular expansion port 41 (shown in
20 FIGURE 4). The camera device 191 includes a CCD optical pickup with user-operable lens 192. Video recorded by the camera device 191 is stored in the apparatus 11 and can be edited and manipulated with the assistance of the DSP chip 68 (shown in FIGURE 6).

While the invention has been particularly shown and described as
25 referenced to the embodiments thereof, those skilled in the art will understand that the foregoing and other changes in form and detail may be made therein without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention.